

# Water Pollution Control Project Needs Assessment (PNA) Form Water Quality Control Division

### 1. Applicant Information:

Entity Name	East Alamosa Wate	r and Sanitation District				
Facility Name:	East Alamosa Water	r and Sanitation District			Original ID:	
Mailing Address 1:	10 Costilla Bouleva	·d	Mailing Address 2:		County:	
City:	Alamosa		State:	СО	Zip Code:	81101
Property Address 1:	10 Costilla Blvd		Property Address 2:	_	County:	
City:	Alamosa		State:	СО	Zip Code:	81101
Latitude :	39.7517291		Longitude :	-104.992107		
Name of Project:	2023 Lift Station Im	provements	_			
Type of Project (Che	ck all that apply)		_			
□ New domestic	c wastewater treatmen	plant				
☐ Construction	project resulting in incr	ease or decrease in desi	gn capacity of existing wa	stewater treatment plant		
☐ Modification of	of wastewater treatmen	t plant that will not result	in a change to treatment of	capacity	☐ New or re	located wastewater treatment plant outfall
✓ New or expar	nsion of lift station	☑ Collection system (	gravity sewer mains less t	han 24-inches in diameter)	☐ New inter	ceptor (24-inch diameter or larger pipeline)
	cement (Replacement ent is necessary to ma		ulic treatment conveyance	component with an identical or	similar component. Usually	in cases where equipment has reached end of life
☐ Stormwater		☐ Non-Point Source I	Discharge			
Please enter the follo of these items prior to		ur organization if you ha	ve it. Visit http://fedgov.dn	b.com/webform and https://www	w.sam.gov/portal/public/SAN	// for details. Note: you will be required to obtain both
Owner Information:						
First Name:	Jamie		Middle Name:		Last Name:	Greeman
Phone Number:	719-589-2649		_			
Mailing Address1:	10 Costilla Blvd		_	Mailing Address2:		
City:	Alamosa		State:	— <sub>co</sub>	Zip Code:	81101
E-mail:	jamie@eastalamosa	aws.org	_			
Consulting Enginee	r Information:		<del>_</del>			
First Name:	Ricardo		Middle Name:		Last Name:	Gonçalves

Phone Number:	303-293-8107				
Mailing Address1:	4885 Ward Rd	_	Mailing Address2:	Suite 100	
City:	Wheat Ridge	State:	co	Zip Code:	80033
E-mail:	rickg@rgengineers.com	_		_	
Self-Certification:		_			
☑ Yes □ No	Does the system intend to self-certify all or a	portion of the project?			
If yes, please identify t	he portions of the project that the system will s	elf-certify.			
☑ Collection system	piping				
Provide additional exp	lanation, if necessary:				
downstream manhole the pipe does not allov	self-certify the replacement of gravity sewer minto which the force main discharges is too smooth for flow downstream until it becomes full. This overflow. This continual maintenance caused by	all to handle the pumping on a supstream gravity-feed sa	of both pumps simultaneously. The upstre initary sewer line also has substantial root	am gravity line flow intrusion, which re	wing into Lift Station No. 6 has a reverse grade, so
Streamlined Review:					
□ Yes ☑ No	Does the system intend to use the streamline	ed review process for all or	a portion of the project?		
If yes, please identify t	he portions of the project that the system will u	itilize streamlined review p	rocess.		
☐ Wastewater treatm	ent new construction or modifications that do	not include an alternative to	echnology		
Yes No	Does the system intend to use the streamline	ed review process for all or	a portion of the project?		

### 2. Executive Summary

Lift Stations No. 3 and 6 are the most maintenance-intensive lift stations in the District with maintenance required every two (2) weeks. Lift station No. 3 has had overflows because the 6-inch gravity line from the downstream manhole into which the force main discharges is too small to handle the pumping of both pumps simultaneously. The existing wet-well for Lift Station No. 3 does not have adequate storage volume for one hour of peak flow, as required by Colorado Design Criteria for Domestic Wastewater Treatment Works. The location of Lift Station No. 3 is also a concern because it is in the middle of an intersection and does not have a traffic-rated access hatch.

Lift Station #6 is currently pumping at 92% of its design capacity. The existing pumps and ancillary equipment are nearing the end of their useful life and there is not adequate storage volume provided. The upstream gravity line flowing into Lift Station No. 6 has a reverse grade, so the pipe does not allow for flow downstream until it becomes full. This upstream gravity-feed sanitary sewer line also has substantial root intrusion, which restricts flows into the lift station, causing the upstream manhole to overflow. This continual maintenance caused by the overflowing of the lift stations creates unnecessary upkeep for the District.

Lift Station No. 3 will be relocated and replaced, by constructing a new lift station with new pumps, rails, chains, floats, wet-well, and control panel, creating an overflow manhole per CDPHE design criteria, and increasing the diameter of the downstream gravity line to manage the simultaneous pumping of both pumps.

Lift Station No. 6 will require an increase in pumping capacity as well as the addition of storage volume. The improvement of Lift Station No. 6 will consist of removing two (2) existing 75 GPM pumps, and installing two (2) new 100 GPM pumps with all ancillary equipment, including rails, chains, and floats.

#### 3.System Structure and Operation

#### 3.1 Legal Ownership of System (TMF: Managerial-1)

First Name:	East Alamosa Water and Sa	anitation District					
Mailing Address1:	10 Costilla Boulevard			Mai	ling Address2:		
City:	Alamosa		State:	СО		Zip Code:	81101
Phone Number:	719-589-2649	-	Fax:				
3.2 Organizational Ch	<u>hart</u>	-					
Include an Organizatio	onal Chart as Attachment 2.						
3.3 Current Operator	r in Responsible (ORC) Char	<u>:ge</u>					
First Name:	Roy		Middle Name:			Last Name:	: Sanchez
Certification Number:	CWP-WA-00203-0509	Certifica	ation Expiration Date:	05/2	20/2024		
Operator Certification L	Level (check one)	_ ☐ Staff Opera	ator	$\overline{\square}$	Contract Operator		
Treatment	☐ Class D	☐ Clas	ss C		Class B		☑ Class A
Distribution	☑ Class 4	☐ Clas	ss 3		Class 2		□ Class 1
Combined Treatment/E	/Distribution   Cla	ass S					
3.4 Operator Certifica	ation						
☑ Yes □ No	Yes Do the system operators have adequate operator certification levels for the proposed project as defined by Regulation 100 Water and Wastewater Facility Operators Certification Requirements?						
Explain the impact of t	the proposed project on the re-	quired operator in r	esponsible charge (OR	C) cert	ification level and other predi	cted staffing change:	s
This project will not imp	npact the required ORC certific	ation level or staffir	ig requirements of the Γ	District.			

#### 3.5 20-year cash flow projection

Include a copy of the 20-year cash flow projection as Attachment 4.

### 4. Project Purpose and Need

Discuss the issue or concern that the proposed project will address. Specific issues are outlined below. All issues must be discussed in each sub section below even if they are not the project driver.

#### 4.1 Compliance

Summarize the system's compliance status that necessitates the proposed project.

The status of the system's discharge permit coimprovements project.	mpliance does not necessitate the	proposed proje	ect. The system's fut	future discharge permit compliance status will not be impacted by the proposed		
40.5						
4.2 Existing facility limitations						
Summarize existing water system facility(ies) li						
	The East Alamosa Water and Sanitation District operates nine lift stations. The District is proposing the replacement of Lift Station No. 3 and Lift Station No. 6 due to a combination of factors. These factors include nearing the end of their useful service life, continued maintenance issues, insufficient overflow volume, and overall lift station capacity. These lift stations also have mechanical, electrical, and other maintenance problems on a regular basis.					
4.3 Operations and Maintenance Issues						
Summarize operational and maintenance (O&N	M) issues with the existing water fa	icilities.				
pump rails before removing the pumps, creatin measures before they can address issues. Mai	Maintenance is required approximately every two weeks to unclog the existing pumps in Lift Station No. 3. The configuration of the existing equipment in the wet-well requires operators to disassemble the pump rails before removing the pumps, creating unnecessary upkeep for operators. Lift Station No. 3 is located in the middle of an intersection, requiring maintenance personnel to install traffic control measures before they can address issues. Maintenance personnel has indicated the volume of the wet-well is a safety concern and should be upsized. This lift station has been known to overflow periodically because the diameter of the downstream gravity sewer line is too small.					
other issues with Lift Station No. 6, including builts design capacity), and the pump wires need	Lift Station No. 6 requires maintenance approximately every two weeks as well. This hindrance in flows causes the upstream manhole to overflow at times. District maintenance personnel have reported other issues with Lift Station No. 6, including but not limited to, deteriorated/rusted pump rails, a shallow/narrow wet-well, the nearing of the maximum capacity of the lift station (Lift Station No. 6 is at 92% of its design capacity), and the pump wires need to be replaced and rerouted as they are a hindrance while operators work in the wet-well. Flows from the upstream manhole to Lift Station No. 6 are hindered due to root intrusion and a potential reverse grade in the existing gravity sanitary sewer line that conveys flows to the lift station.					
5. Existing Facilities Analysis						
5.1 Existing Source Water- Section required	d for treatment and supply proje-	<u>cts</u>				
☑ Not applicable (for collection system piping,	, lift stations, interceptors, only)					
Existing Permitted Treatment Capacity: FI	low:	MGD	Loading:	Pounds per Day BOD5		
5.1.1 Area Discharge Permits		i	_			
Identify all other discharge permits for facilities	discharging to the same stream se	egment as the e	existing treatment fac	facilities.		
5.1.2 Service Area						
Describe the existing service area including res	sidential, commercial and industrial	l users, as well	as flows and loads fi	s from the service area.		
5.1.3 Facilities Layout and Description						

COLORADO
Department of Public
Health & Environment

Describe existing facilities including design capabilities and conditions of existing treatment processes including treatment processes used and major design parameters (e.g. process capacities, unit loading rates, side stream flows, and solids handling).
5.1.4 Existing Process Flow Diagram
Provide a process flow diagram of the existing treatment system as Attachment 5.
5.1.5 Wastewater Flows
Please describe the existing wastewater flows and influent characteristics (including toxic pollutants), discharge permit limits, and overload conditions. Discuss and analyze the average, peak, dry, and wet weather flows. Describe flow contributions from residential, commercial, and industrial users, as well as infiltration and inflow.
5.1.6 Appropriateness of Treatment Technologies
Discuss if the existing treatment process(es) are appropriate to meet the current discharge permit considering existing influent quality and discharge permit limits.
5.1.7 Capacity of Treatment Technologies
Yes No Is the capacity of the existing wastewater treatment system appropriate to accommodate wastewater flows through the next 20 years?
Please explain:
5.1.8 Operational Controls
Describe if the existing treatment processes have appropriate operational controls.
5.2 Collection - Required for collection system, lift station, and interceptor projects only
□ Not applicable (for treatment and outfall projects, only)

#### 5.2.1 Service Area

Describe the existing service area including residential, commercial and industrial users, as well as flows and loads from the service area.

Lift Station No. 3 receives gravity flows from single-family residences, commercial users, and Lift Station No. 4 effluent flows.

Approximately 76% (2,000 GPD) of flows into Lift Station No. 3 are from Lift Station No. 4, 22% (1,877 GPD) are from single-family residences, and 2% (123 GPD) are from commercial users.

Lift Station No. 6 receives flows only from single-family residences which equates to approximately 25,000 GPD.

#### 5.2.2 Overall Collection System Description

Discuss the existing collection system including: gravity collection pipelines, facility age, material type, condition of materials, and amount of AC pipe. Describe the location and capacities of all relevant lift stations and interceptor sewers and their relation to the proposed project. Provide a map of the existing collection system as Attachment 6.

The District's gravity collection system consists of 6-inch, 8-inch, and 10-inch diameter pipes. The pipe is constructed of varying materials including PVC and vitrified clay pipe (VCP) of which there are a number of areas of concern. Several of the areas of concern within the District are gravity sewer pipes with severe root issues. The District's operators have several stretches of sanitary sewer line which must be routinely jetted and root cut to remove tree roots and other debris to combat sewage backups. There is no AC pipe in the existing collection system.

Lift Station No. 3, at McKinney and McQuery, was rehabilitated in 1995 and consists of a precast concrete wet-well, two (2) submersible non-clog pumps rated at 130 GPM, and a pump control panel. The lift station picks-up flows from Lift Station No. 4 to the north and residential gravity flows from Lift Station No. 3 Service Area. It then discharges into a manhole through a 4-inch diameter force main approximately 40 feet to the south. A 6-inch diameter gravity sanitary line comes out of that manhole to the south and flows towards the manhole at Lift Station No. 2, bypassing Lift Station No. 9.

Lift Station No. 6, at Rodeo Lane, was rehabilitated in 1995 and consists of a precast concrete wet-well, two (2) submersible non-clog pumps rated at 75 GPM, and a pump control panel. The lift station picks up residential gravity flows from Lift Station No. 6 Service Area. It then discharges into a manhole approximately 925 feet to the west through a 4-inch diameter force main. A 6-inch diameter gravity sanitary line emerges from that manhole to the west and flows through three additional manholes along Santa Fe before flowing into Lift Station No. 5.

Provide information on current infiltration and inflow.

An additional concern with root contact with VCP is increased inflow and infiltration. In the older areas of the District the pipe has outlived its useful lifespan and may be deteriorating and allowing significant inflow and infiltration. Inflow and infiltration calculations have not been performed on the collection system.

#### **6.Facility Planning Analysis**

#### **6.1 Planning Area Description**

#### 6.1.1 Project Area Map

Provide a map or maps showing the current and projected service area for the 20-year planning period; identify environmental features such as streams, lakes, wetlands, and floodplains for the entire planning area. On the map, identify the locations of municipal and industrial treatment plants, sludge management areas and facilities, pretreatment plants, lift station sites and any significantly developed areas served by onsite or unconventional systems. Include the map as Attachment 7.

#### 6.1.2 208 Plan Coordination

□ Yes	☑ No	Is the project within or near the boundaries of a 208 Agency or regional council of governments (COG)?

#### 6.1.3 Local and Regional Issues

Please describe.

	•	
□ Yes	☑ No	Were local and regional planning efforts considered?

The district has a mutual intergovernmental agreement (IGA) where the city treats the water and wastewater for the district and provides operating staff to the district for operation and maintenance of the district's distribution and collection facilities.
☑ Yes □ No Was consolidation with another wastewater system / treatment facility considered?
Please describe.
Yes, there has been some discussion regarding consolidation with the City of Alamosa. Consolidation is not considered mutually beneficial at this time.
6.2 Population and Water Demand Projections (TMF: Technical-2)
For a 20 year planning period, forecast the population growth, projected increase in Equivalent Residential Taps (ERT), and projected drinking water demands.
Current SFEs - As Calculated in the Prequalification Form: 666
Population and Demand Projections - The department generally accepts two methodologies for projecting water flows over the 20 year planning period. Other methodologies are acceptable with a clear explanation and all assumptions and parameters listed:
☑ Method 1: Population based projections. Recommended for primarily residential systems and/or for systems without potable water meter data.
☐ Method 2: Equivalent Residential Unit (EQR) Analysis. Recommended for systems with a high multifamily, commercial, and industrial users.
Method 1 and 2 templates can be found at the end of this form.  Attach the population projection as Attachment 8.
Discuss supporting data and reasons for projected future growth during the 20 year planning period.  Note: Projects designed solely to serve future development or population growth are not eligible for State Revolving Fund financing.
Population growth projection is based on average population growth in the EAWSD from 2017 to 2022 based on population data from DOLA.
20-year projected BOD is approximately 214 lb/day assuming a 0.25% population increase per year and an average loading of 250 mg/L.
20-year projected TSS is approximately 214 lb/day assuming a 0.25% population increase per year and an average loading of 250 mg/L.
Identify waste load projections for major effluent parameters such as BOD, TSS, ammonia, phosphorus, metals, etc.
BOD: 250 mg/L TSS: 250 mg/L

### 7.Assessment of Alternatives

This section should contain a description of the reasonable alternatives that were considered in planning a solution to meet the identified needs. If the proposed project includes new technology then the please discuss whether or not the technology is covered in the CDPHE Design Criteria.

#### 7.1 Alternatives

- For each alternative, please provide:
  1. A description of the alternative addressing the issues identified in Section 4: Project Purpose and Need. (TMF: Technical-7)
  2. Capital cost estimates and annual operation and maintenance costs.
  3. Advantages and Disadvantages of each alternative.

Alternative 1 Title: No Action
Alternative 1 Description (2000 character limit):
No Action would be taken to repair or replace any of the collection system infrastructure.
Alternative 1 Capital and Operation and Maintenance Costs (2000 character limit):
This alternative would not require any capital, but there would likely be additional operation and maintenance costs associated with future lift station backups, issues with infiltration and inflow, and emergency replacement of one or both lift stations, as the volumes of both lift stations are less than storage volumes required by the CDPHE Design Criteria.
Alternative 1 Advantages and Disadvantages (2000 character limit):
This option would cost nothing in capital costs but would be more expensive in operations and maintenance costs.
Alternative 2 Title : Temporary Improvements
Alternative 2 Description (2000 character limit):
Temporary improvements would consist of replacing pumps, rails, pipes, and ancillary equipment inside both lift stations and replacing electrical wires and equipment.
Tomporary improvements recall consist of replacing pumps, raile, pipes, and anomaly equipment include both introduction and replacing electrical infections.
Alternative 2 Continued Operation and Maintenance Conta (2000 above to librit).
Alternative 2 Capital and Operation and Maintenance Costs (2000 character limit):
The capital would be less than a total replacement but operation and maintenance costs would be about the same as if no action was taken.

Alternative 2 Advantages and Disadvantages (2000 character limit):

The advantages are maintenance costs would slightly decrease with the installation of new pump rails and a redesign of the ancillary equipment inside the wet wells. The disadvantages are that capital costs would be higher due to the inevitability of a total replacement in the near future.

Alternative 3 Title: Total Replacement

Alternative 3 Description (2000 character limit):

Total replacement of Lift Station No. 3 would consist of removing the existing wet-well and ancillary equipment, converting the existing manhole to the north into a collection manhole, the installation of a 6-foot diameter precast concrete wet-well, overflow manhole, traffic-rated access hatch, two (2) new pumps, rails, chains, floats, force main, and ancillary piping. It would also include the removal and replacement of the existing control panel and associated electrical equipment. The existing 6-inch VCP sanitary sewer pipe to the south would also be removed and replaced with 8-inch SDR35 PVC.

Total replacement of Lift Station No. 6 would consist of installing a new concrete wet-well, overflow manhole, traffic-rated access hatch, two (2) new 100 GPM pumps, rails, chains, floats, and ancillary equipment, and a connection to the existing force main. It would also include the removal and replacement of the existing control panel and associated electrical equipment. The existing 6-inch VCP sanitary sewer pipe to the north would also be removed and replaced with 8-inch SDR35 PVC.

Alternative 3 Capital and Operation and Maintenance Costs (2000 character limit):

The capital would be high but the operation and maintenance costs would be much lower for several decades compared to what they would be without the proposed improvements.

Alternative 3 Advantages and Disadvantages (2000 character limit):

The advantages are the maintenance costs would be lower, infiltration and inflow would be reduced, and the District would be in a better position to combine with the City of Alamosa, if that is mutually advantageous, CDPHE design requirements for storage volume would be addressed. The disadvantages are the capital cost of the project and the inconvenience for affected residents of construction.

Provide discussions of additional alternatives as Attachment 19.

#### 8. Selected Alternative

#### 8.1 Justification of Selected Alternative

Please demonstrate why the selected alternative best meets system needs based on both monetary and non-monetary considerations.

Alternative 3 is the selected alternative. The existing lift stations, their associated pumping equipment, and sanitary sewer lines are at the end of their useful life, and the amount of time required to maintain them will ultimately save the District in costs for maintenance and upkeep, and free up operators to focus their energy on other responsibilities.

#### **8.2 Technical Description and Design Parameters**

For the selected alternative, please describe all proposed project components and assumed design parameters.

The replacement of Lift Station No. 3 will consist of flow-filling a new manhole base in the existing wet-well and grouting in channels, converting it to a manhole that will collect all flows from Lift Stations No. 3 and No. 4 contributing areas. These flows will be conveyed to a new, 6-foot diameter precast concrete wet-well with an adequate depth to maintain desirable pump-run times and an additional manhole to provide overflow storage. Additionally, a 30-inch by 48-inch traffic-rated access hatch will be installed for easier system maintenance, two (2) new pumps and all ancillary equipment including rails, chains, and floats, and a new control panel installed in the same location as the old lift station. Lastly, the gravity collection pipes downstream from the new lift station will be replaced with 8-inch SDR35 PVC pipe.

The improvement of Lift Station No. 6 will consist of installing two (2) new 100 GPM pumps with all ancillary equipment, including rails, chains, and floats. These pumps will provide 33% more pumping capacity for Lift Station No. 6 and provide a greater factor of safety for the lift station. A new overflow wet-well will also be installed adjacent to the existing wet-well proving additional storage for the system. A new control panel adjacent to the lift station will also be included. The wet-well will be constructed to an adequate depth to maintain desirable pump-run times, and the pipes upstream will be corrected and upsized.

#### 8.3 Proposed Process Flow Diagram

Include a proposed treatment facility process flow diagram or map of the collection system, lift station, or interceptor, as applicable as Attachment 10.

#### 8.4 Appropriateness of Treatment Technologies

	process(es) to meet proposed		

There is no wastewater water treatment component to the project which would affect wastewater quality.

#### **8.5 Environmental Impacts**

Describe direct and indirect impacts on floodplains, wetlands, wildlife habitat, historical and archaeological properties, etc., including any projected permits and certifications. Indicate the need for a stormwater permit application, 401/404 permit applications, and CDOT and railroad permit applications.

There are no anticipated direct or indirect impacts on any floodplains, wetlands, wildlife habitat, historical or archaeological properties. This project is replacing existing wastewater infrastructure in areas that are already developed.

#### 8.6 Land Requirements

Identify all necessary sites and easements, permits and certifications, and specify if the properties are currently owned, to be acquired, or leased by the applicant.

Either land is within the public right-of-way or the district owns easements to the land. A CDOT construction permit and an Alamosa County construction permit will be required.

#### 8.7 Construction Challenges

Discuss construction challenges such as subsurface rock, high water table, limited access, or other conditions that may affect cost of construction or operation of a facility.

Construction concerns include high water table, which is as high as 36" below ground surface in some areas of the project. Dewatering requirements are anticipated.

#### **8.8 Operational Aspects**

Discuss the operator staffing requirements, operator certification level requirements, the expected basic operating configuration and process control complexities, and the operational controls and equipme
that allows operational personnel to respond to routine and unanticipated treatment challenges, such as flow rate, fluctuations in influent quality, process monitoring and chemical feed dosing.

The proposed project will not affect staffing requirements, operator certification level requirements, the basic operating configuration and process control complexities, or the operational controls and equipment. Reductions in measured flow rate are anticipated in response to removing inflow and infiltration in damaged sewer lines.

#### 8.9 Costs

Summarize the capital costs associated with the selected alternative. The 20 year cash flow projection included in Attachment 4 must reflect the capital and operation and maintenance costs associated with the selected alternative.

The total capital cost associated with the selected alternative is \$675,000.00

#### Cost Category Selection (Assign a percent to each applicable category)

Secondary Treatment (Category I)	0
Advanced Treatment (Category II)	0
Infiltration/Inflow (Category IIIA)	4.5
Sewer System Rehabilitation (Category IIIB)	3.5
New Collector Sewers (Category IVA)	0
New Interceptors (Category IVB)	92
CSO Correction (Category V)	0
Storm Sewers (Category VI)	0
Recycle Water Distribution (Category X)	0
Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Activities (Category VII)	0
Total: (must equal 100%)	100

Please include an estimate of the projected increase in and total average monthly user charges. Does the user charge system allow for billing, collection, and enforcement?

8.10 Green Project Reserve				
Check one or more green catego	ry that applies to the proj	ect:		
☐ Green Infrastructure	☐ Water Efficiency	☐ Energy Efficiency	☐ Environmentally Innovative	
Describe any green components	incorporated into the sele	ected alternative.		
Not applicable.				
The system must reference the n Reserve": https://www.colorado.g Include a business case for the p	gov/pacific/cdphe/wq-gree	n-project-reserve	and procedures. These references are available on the	e CDPHE WQCD GLU website under "Green Project
8.11 Environmental Checklist				
Include the Environmental Check	list for the Selected Alter	native as Attachment 12.		
8.12 Project Implementation				
8.12.1 Proposed Schedule				
Request for WQPTs/PELs			Site Application Submittal Date	11/04/2022
Process Design Report/Basis	of Design Report Submit	ttal Date	08/01/2023	
Final Plans and Specification	s Submittal Date (for Non	-Streamlined Review only)	10/01/2023	
Discharge Permit	10/01/2023		Miscellaneous Permits	10/01/2023
Public Meeting Date	07/15/2023	_	Loan Application Submittal Date	10/15/2023
Advertisement for Bids Public	cation Date	12/01/2023	Construction Contract Award Date	01/29/2024
Construction Start Date	02/01/2024		Construction Completion Date	07/30/2024
8.12.2 Public Meeting		_		
		e when and where the meeting will be anager in the Grants and Loans Unit		vide the public notice, proof of publication, sign in shee
☐ Include the public meeting do	cumentation as Attachme	ent 14.		
Or, will be provided to the Grants	and Loans Unit project n	nanager after the meeting takes place	s.	
9. Projecting Water Flow	s Method 1: Popula	ation based projections		
Assumptions/Data			Information Source	
Current System Population	1700	People	EAWSD	
Current Service Area Population (If providing water to neighboring	community)	People		

Population Growth Rates	.25	% increase/year	EAWSD
Average Daily per Capita Flow Rate	57	Gallons per capita day	Calculated from EAWSD Flow Records
Average Day Maximum Month per Capita Flow Rate	78	Gallons per capita day	Calculated from EAWSD Flow Records
Maximum Daily per Capita Flow Rate	105	Gallons per capita day	Calculated from EAWSD Flow Records
Peak Hour Factor	4		Calculated
Average Influent BOD5 Concentration	250	mg/L	Assumption
Average Day Maximum Month Influent BOD5 Concentration	275	mg/L	Assumption

Year	System Population	Service Area Population (if different)	Average Daily Flow	Maximum Daily Flow	Peak Hour Flow	Average BOD5 Loading (pounds per day)
+0	0	0	96900	178500	16150	204
+5	1721		98097	180705	16350	206
+10	1743		99351	183015	16559	209
+15	1764		100548	185220	16758	211
+20	1785		101745	187425	16956	214

### 10. Projecting Water Flow Method 2: Equivalent Residential Taps (ERT)

	Current Equivalent Residential Taps (ERT)		
А	Number of active residential taps:	0	Units
В	Total Annual Potable Water Use less Irrigation Usage (gallons per year) – Residential	0	
С	Estimated equivalent residential potable water usage Annual flow per EQR = A/B	0	Gallons per SFE
D	Wastewater flow from commercial users	0	Gallons per ft2
E	Equivalent EQRs per 1000 ft2 of commercial space EQRs per 1000 ft2=D*1000/C	0	SFEs per 1000 ft2
F	Commercial space in service area	0	1000 ft2
G	Commercial EQRs Commercial EQRs = F*E	0	SFEs
Н	Wastewater flow from industrial users	0	1000 ft2
ı	Equivalent EQRs per 1000 ft2 of industrial space EQRs per 1000 ft2 = H*1000/C	0	1000 ft2
J	Industrial space in service area	0	1000 ft2
К	Industrial EQRs Industrial EQRs = H*J	0	1000 ft2
L	Length of sewer pipe in collection system	0	1000 ft2
М	Infiltration/Inflow contribution per 1000 feet of sewer pipe	0	1000 ft2
	,	<u> </u>	

N	Equivalent EQRs per 1000 feet of sewer pipe EQRs per 1000 LF=M/C	0	1000 ft2
0	Infiltration/Inflow EQRs Infiltration/Inflow EQRs = L/1000*N	0	1000 ft2
Р	Total EQR = A + G + K + N	0	1000 ft2

Population and Flow Assumptions / Data	<u> </u>	Information Source
Current System Population	People	
Current Service Area Population (If providing water to neighboring community)		
(in promaining matter to mongripe and in great manny)	People	
Population Growth Rates	% increase/year	
Average daily flow per ERT	Gallons per capita day	
Maximum daily flow per ERT	Gallons per capita day	
Peak Hour Factor	Gallons per capita day	

Year	System Population	Service Area Population (if different)	Residential Taps (ERTs)	Multifamily Residential Taps (ERTs)	Commercial/ Industrial Taps (ERTs)	Irrigation Taps (ERTs)	Total Taps (ERTs)	Average Daily Flow	Maximum Daily Flow	Peak Hour Flow
+0										
+5										
+10										
+15										
+20										

### **East Alamosa Water and Sanitation District**

## **2023 Lift Station Replacement**

### **Project Needs Assessment**

Attachments: Table of Contents

Attachment 1 - Engineer's Seal

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## ATTACHMENT 1 - ENGINEER'S SEAL



### ATTACHMENT 2 - ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

### East Alamosa Water & Sanitation District

## **Organizational Chart**

### **Legal Representation**

Edwin Lobato, Attorney

### **Board of Directors**

Frances Will, President
Brenda Almeida, Vice President
John Dodds, Treasurer
Dale Salazar, Member
Gilbert Garcia, Member

### **City of Alamosa IGA**

Randy Martinez, Superintendent Roy Sanchez, Plant Operator

### **Office Admin**

Jamie Greeman, Administrator Michelle Stone, Office Assistant Rick Madril, Maintenance

### ATTACHMENT 3 - WRITTEN DELEGATION OF OPERATOR DUTIES

(TO BE REPLACED WITH SANITARY COLLECTION DELEGATION OF DUTIES)

### East Alamosa Water and Sanitation Dist.

### **Delegation of Duties**

CO - 102200

The East Alamosa Water and Sanitation District water system works in conjunction with the City of Alamosa's water system. Alamosa City receives water from East Alamosa, treats the water, then returns the drinking water back to the district. East Alamosa District uses the same operators that Alamosa City employees. Therefore the Operator in Responsible Charge (ORC) for Alamosa City serves the same for East Alamosa Water and Sanitation Dist.

### The ORC's Responsibilities are as follows:

- 1) Protect the public water supply system
- 2) Provide Clean and Safe drinking water to the District.
- 3) Act as liaison to the District.
- 4) Take required water samples pertaining to the monitoring schedule.
- 5) Respond to the District's customers concerning water quality.
- 6) Delegate to water tech's tasks and oversee work.

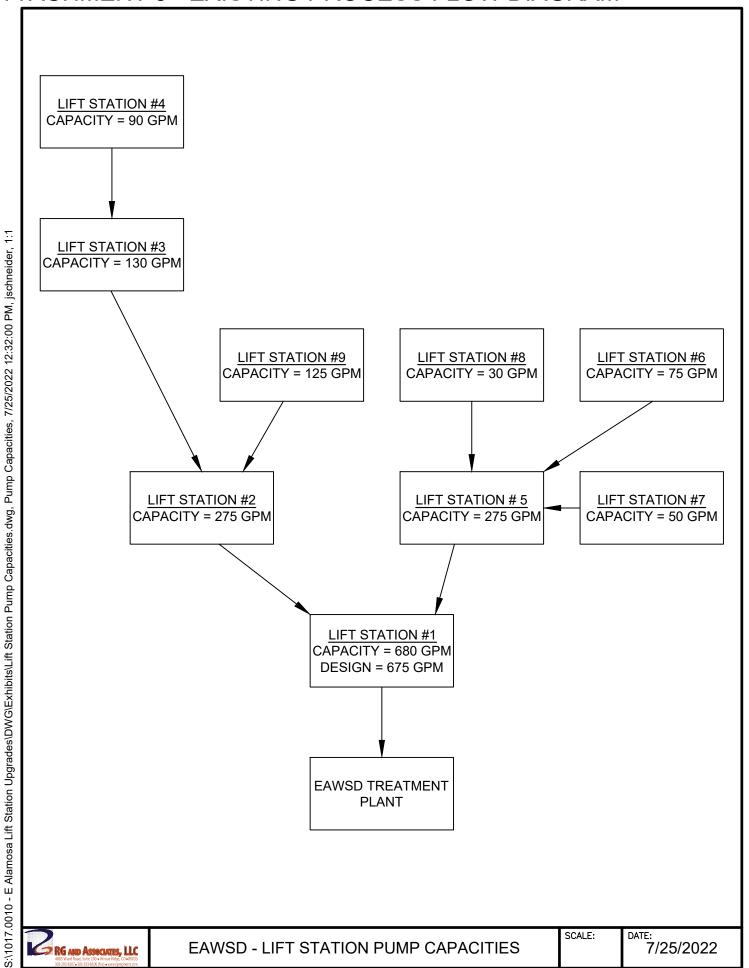
\*The ORC has the responsibility to make sure the water tech is qualified to perform the work given and has the proper license. The ORC is responsible for the water tech's work.

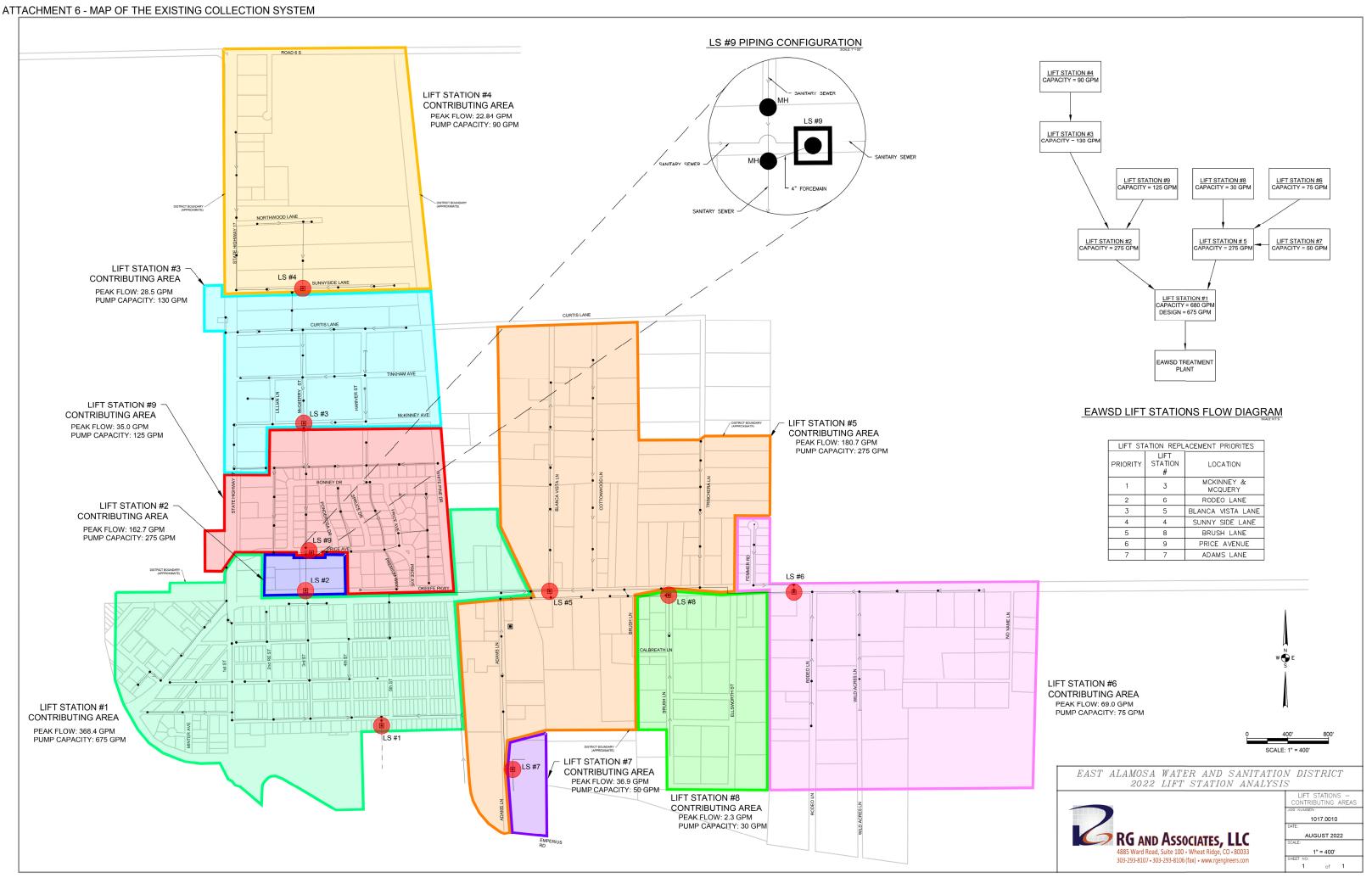
## ATTACHMENT 4 - 30-YEAR CASH FLOW PROJECTIONS

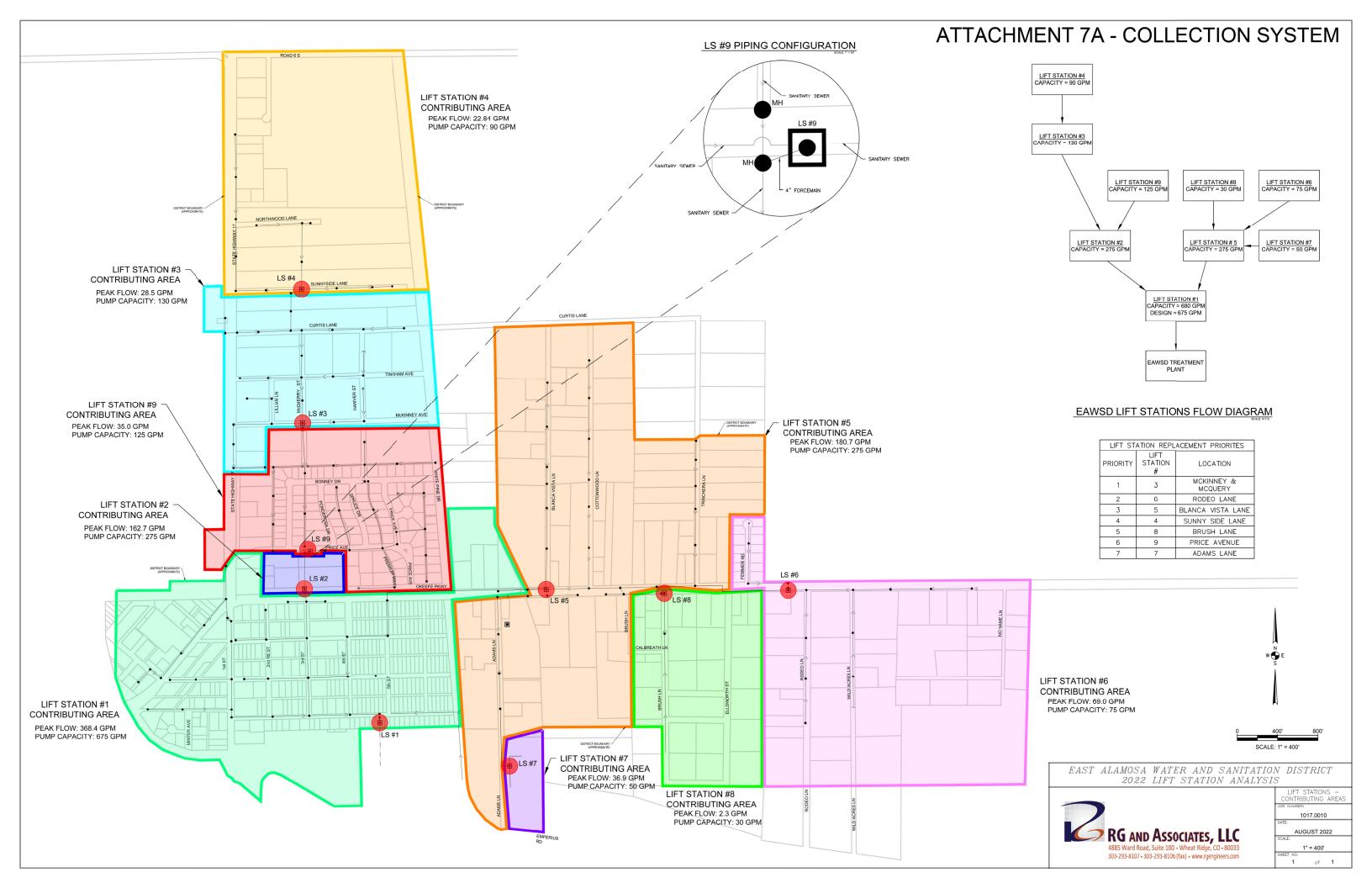
#### 30 Year Cash Flow Projection

Year	Revenues	Expenses	Loan Payments	
2021	1,777,302.00	3,344,700.00	109,667.00	
2022	533,350.00	344,700.00	109,667.00	Expenses calculated at 2% increase per year
2023	534,350.00	351,594.00	109,667.00	· ,
2024	534,350.00	358,625.88	109,667.00	Substantial expenses based on Capital Improvement Plan
2025	544,350.00	365,798.40	109,667.00	
2026	544,350.00	373,114.37	109,667.00	
*2027	629,350.00	380,576.65	109,667.00	*Revenue Increase based on historical rate
2028	629,350.00	388,188.19	109,667.00	increases every 6-7 years
2029	629,350.00	1,395,951.95	109,667.00	
2030	629,350.00	403,570.99	109,667.00	
2031	629,350.00	411,948.41	109,667.00	
2032	629,350.00	420,187.38	109,667.00	
2033	719,350.00	428,591.13	109,667.00	
2034	719,350.00	437,162.95	109,667.00	
2035	719,350.00	445,906.21	109,667.00	
2036	719,350.00	454,824.33	109,667.00	
2037	719,350.00	1,963,920.82	109,667.00	
2038	719,350.00	473,199.24	76,334.00	
2039	809,350.00	482,663.22	43,001.00	
2040	809,350.00	492,316.49	43,001.00	
2041	809,350.00	502,162.82	43,001.00	
2042	809,350.00	512,206.07	43,001.00	
2043	809,350.00	522,450.19	43,001.00	
2044	809,350.00	532,899.20	43,001.00	
2045	909,350.00	2,543,557.18	43,001.00	
2046	909,350.00	555,448.32	43,001.00	
2047	909,350.00	566,557.29	43,001.00	
2048	909,350.00	577,888.44	43,001.00	
2049	909,350.00	589,446.20	43,001.00	
2050	909,350.00	601,235.13	43,001.00	
2051	909,350.00	613,259.83	43,001.00	

## ATTACHMENT 5 - EXISTING PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM

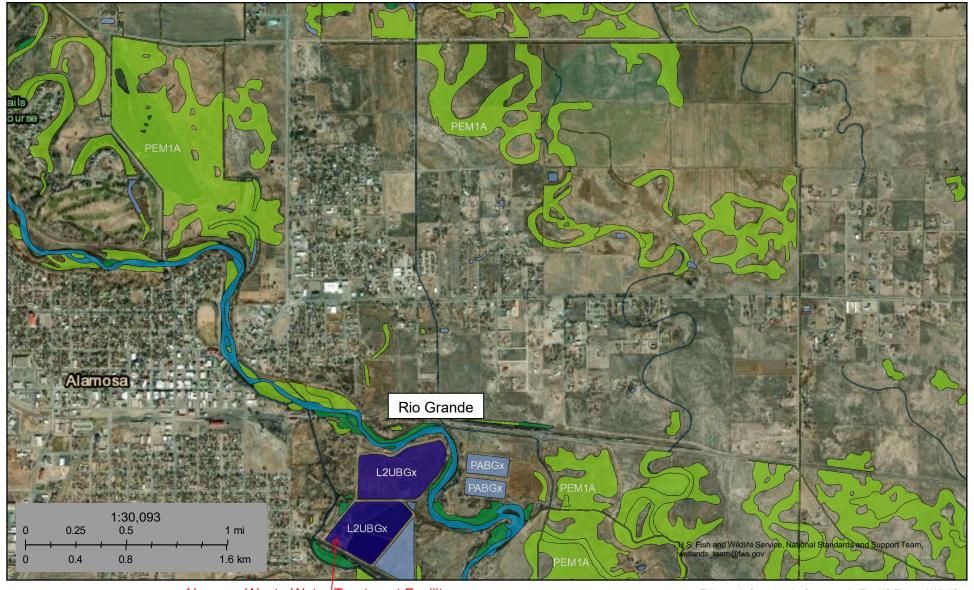






# U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory

## ATTACHMENT 7B - WETLANDS East Alamosa National Wetlands Inventory



March 3, 2023

Alamosa Waste Water Treatment Facility

#### Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Pond

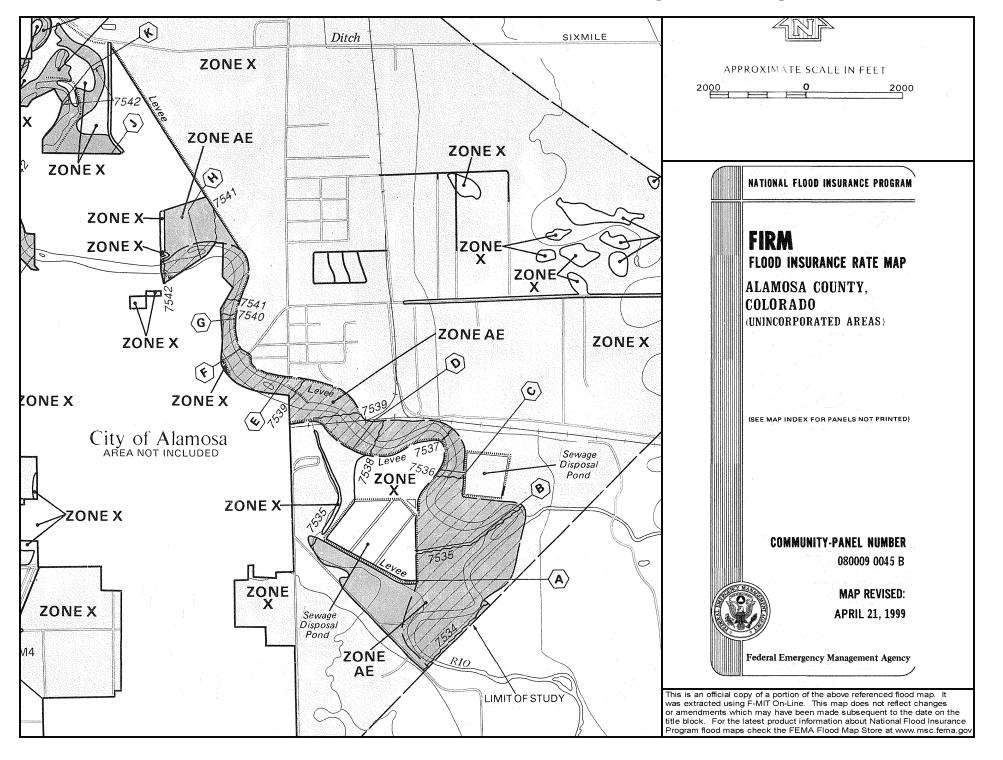
Lake

Riverine

Other

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

### ATTACHMENT 7C - FIRM MAP



#### ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST

Use the Discussion and References space at the end of each section to document your responses. For example, explain how you determined the level of impact and document the reasoning if checking PA (possible adverse) for any resource. Attach additional pages if necessary.

1. Brief project description, including identification of selected alternative:

The East Alamosa Water and Sanitation District operates nine lift stations. The District is proposing the replacement of Lift Station No. 3 and Lift Station No. 6 due to a combination of factors. These factors include the nearing end of useful service life, continued maintenance issues, insufficient overflow volume, and overall lift station capacity. These lift stations also have mechanical, electrical and other maintenance problems on a regular basis.

2. Describe if the project will improve or maintain water quality, and if the project addresses a TMDL, and/or Watershed Management Plan.

The proposed project will does not impact water quality, address a TMDL, or a Watershed Management Plan.

3. Provide latitude and longitude of the proposed project (if a transmission / distribution / collection line identifies the center point not the whole line):

Latitude: 37.474130° Longitude: -105.848645°

4. Provide discharge information: N/A

Lift Station No. 3 will contribute a periodic peak flow of 29 GPM to the system.

Lift Station No. 6 will contribute a periodic peak flow of 69 GPM to the system.

5. Provide NPDES/PWSID number:

PWSID # CO0044458

6. Provide primary waterbody name and waterbody ID, secondary name (if available), and State designated surface water use:

Rio Grande Waterbody ID: CORGRG12

7. Did your analysis consider how this project impacts community planning efforts in other areas (i.e. transportation, housing, etc.)?

The proposed project would be replacing two aging lift stations leading to less maintenance for the operations crew and less disruptions for nearby residents from overflowing lift stations.

Y = Yes N = No PA = Possible Adverse

### 1. Physical Aspects - Topography, Geology and Soils

Y \_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_ a. Are there physical conditions (e.g., steep slopes, shrink-swells soils, etc.) that might be adversely affected by or might affect construction of the WWTF facilities?

Y\_\_\_N \_x \_ PA \_\_ b. Are there similar limiting physical conditions in the planning area that might make development unsuitable?

Y\_\_\_N \_x\_ PA \_\_ c. Are there any unusual or unique geological features that might be affected?

Y \_\_\_N \_x PA \_\_ d. Are there any hazardous areas (slides, faults, etc.) that might affect construction or development?

Discussion and References:

#### 2. Climate

Y \_\_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ a. Are there any unusual or special meteorological constraints in the planning area that might result in an air quality problem?

Y N X PA b. Are there any unusual or special meteorological constraints in the planning area that might affect the feasibility of the proposed wastewater treatment alternative?

Discussion and References:

### 3. Population

Y \_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ a. Are the proposed growth rates excessive (exceeding State projections, greater than 6% per annum for the 20 year planning period)?

Y \_\_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ b. Will additional growth be induced or growth in new areas encouraged as a result of facilities construction?

Y \_\_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ c. Will the facilities serve areas which are largely undeveloped areas at present?

Discussion and References:

4. Housing, Indu	strial an	d Commercial Development and Utilities
Y N _x_ PA	a.	Will existing homes or business be displaced as a result of construction of this property?
Y N _x_ PA	b.	Will new housing serviced by this facility affect existing facilities, transportation patterns, environmentally sensitive areas, or be in special hazard or danger zones?
Y N _x PA		Will new housing create strains on other utilities and services - policies, power, water supply, schools, hospital care, etc.?
Discussion and Referen	nces:	
5. Economics and S	ocial Pro	ofile
Y N _x_ PA	a.	Will certain landowners benefit substantially from the development of land due to interceptor routing or WWTP location and size?
Y N x PA	b.	Will the facilities adversely affect land values?
Y N _x PA Y N _x PA	c.	Are any poor or disadvantaged groups especially affected by this project?
Discussion and Referen	nces:	1 3
6. Land Use		
Y N _x_ PA	a.	Will projected growth defeat the purpose of local land use controls (if any)?
Y N _x_ PA	b.	Is the location of the WWTP or other facilities incompatible with local land use plans?
Y N _x_ PA	c.	Will inhabited areas be adversely impacted by the project site?
Y Nx_ PA	d.	Will new development have adverse effects on older existing land uses (agriculture, forest land, etc.)?

Discussion and References:

e.

Y \_\_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_

Will this project contribute to changes in land

large industrial or energy developments?

association with recreation (skiing, parks, etc.), mining or other

use in

7. Floodplain De	velopment	
Y N _x_ PA _	a.	Does the planning area contain 100 year floodplains? If yes -
Y N _x PA _ Y N _x PA _	b. c.	Will the project be constructed in a 100 year floodplain? Will the project serve direct or indirect development in a 100
Discussion and Ref		year floodplain anywhere in the planning area?
8. Wetlands		
Y N _x_ PA _	a.	Does the planning area contain wetlands as defined by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? If yes -
Y N _x_ PA _	b.	Will any major part of the treatment works be located on wetlands?
Y N PA _	c.	Will the project serve growth and development which will directly or indirectly affect wetlands?
Discussion and Ref	erences:	
9. Wild and Scen	nic Rivers	
Y N _x_ PA _	a.	Does the planning area contain a designated or proposed wild and scenic river?  If yes -
Y N _x _PA _	b.	Will the project be constructed near the river?
Y N _x _ PA _	c.	Will projected growth and development take place contiguous
Y N x PA	d.	to or upstream from the river segment? Will the river segment be used for disposal of effluent?
Discussion and Ref		
10. Cultural Reso	urces (Arch	eological/Historical)
Y N _x_ PA _	a.	Are there any properties (historic, architectural, archeological) in the planning area which are listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places?  If yes -
Y N _x_ PA _	b.	Will the project have direct or indirect adverse impacts on any listed or eligible property?
Discussion and Ref	erences:	Ø 1 1 -7 -

11.	Flora and Fauna	(including endangered	l species)
11.	I ivi a anu i auna	(including chaangele	a species,

Y \_\_\_ N\_x PA \_\_ a. Are there any designated threatened or endangered species or their habitat in the planning area?

Y \_\_\_ N\_x PA \_\_ b. Will the project have direct or indirect adverse impacts on any such designated species?

Y \_\_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ c. Will the project have direct or indirect adverse impacts on fish, wildlife or their habitat including migratory routes, wintering or calving areas?

Y \_\_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ d. Does the planning area include a sensitive habitat area designed by a local, State or Federal wildlife agency?

Discussion and References:

### 12. Recreation and Open Space

Y \_\_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ a. Will the project eliminate or modify recreational open space, parks or areas of recognized scenic or recreational value?

Y \_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ b. Is it feasible to combine the project with parks, bicycle paths, hiking trails, waterway access and other recreational uses?

Discussion and References:

### 13. Agricultural Lands

Y \_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ a. Does the planning area contain any environmentally significant agricultural lands (prime, unique, statewide importance, local importance, etc.) as defined in the EPA Policy to Protect Environmentally Significant Agricultural Lands dated September 8, 1978?

Y \_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ b. Will the project directly or indirectly encourage the irreversible conversion of Environmentally Significant Agricultural Lands to uses which result in the loss of these lands as an environmental or essential food production resource?

Discussion and References:

14. Air Quality		
Y Nx PA	a.	Are there any direct air emissions from the project (e.g., odor controls, sludge incinerator) which do not meet Federal and State emission standards contained in the State Air Quality Implementation Plan (SIP)?
Y N _x_ PA	b.	Is the project service area located in an area without an approved or conditionally approved SIP?
Y N _x PA Y N _x PA	c. d.	Is the increased capacity of the project greater than 1 mgd?  Do the population projections used in the facilities plan exceed the Sate or areawide projections in the SIP by more than 5%?
Y_x_N PA	e.	Does the project conform with the requirements of the SIP?  (See EPA regulations under Section 316 of the Clean Air Act.)
Y_x_N PA	f.	Is the project inconsistent with the SIP of an adjoining State that may be impacted by the Project?
YN_X_ PA	g.	Does the project violate national ambient Air Quality Standard in an attainment or unclassified area?
Y N _x PA	h.	Will the facilities create an odor nuisance problem?
Discussion and Reference	ces:	
15. Water Quality and	d Quan	tity (Surface/Groundwater)
Y Nx PA	a.	Are present stream classifications in the receiving stream being challenged as too low to protect present or recent uses?
Y Nx PA	b.	Is there a substantial risk that the proposed discharge will not meet existing stream standards or will not be of sufficient
Y N _x_ PA	c.	quality to protect present or recent stream uses? Will construction of the project and development to be served by the project result in non-point water quality problems
Y N _x_ PA	d.	(sedimentation, urban stormwater, etc.)? Will water rights be adversely affected by the project?
Y N _x _ PA Y N _x _ PA	e.	Will the project cause a significant amount of water to be transferred from one sub-basin to another (relative to the 7-day 10 year flow of the diverted basin)?
Y N _x_ PA	f.	Will stream habitat be affected as a result of the change in flow or stream bank modification?
Y N _x PA	g.	Are stream conditions needed for deciding upon the required limitations inadequately specified in the 208 Plan? If so, have

groundwater resource?

approved by the State and EPA?

Is an Antidegradation Review required?

the wasteload allocations calculations been performed and

Will the project adversely affect the quantity or quality of a

Y \_\_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_ Y \_\_\_ N \_x PA \_\_\_

Y N _x PA Y N _x PA Discussion and Reference	k.	Does the project adversely affect an aquifer used as a potable drinking water supply?  Are there additional cost effective water conservation measures that could be adopted by community to reduce sewage generation?			
16. Public Health					
YN PA	a.	Will there be adverse direct or indirect noise impacts from the project?			
YNx_PA	b.	Will there be a vector problem (e.g., mosquito) from the project?			
YN_x_ PA	c.	Will there be any unique public health problems as a result of the project (e.g., increased disease risks)?			
Discussion and References:					
17. Solid Waste (Sludge	Mana	agement)			
YNX_ PA	a.	Will sludge disposal occur in an area with inadequate sanitary landfills or on land unsuitable for land application?			
YN PA	b.	Are there special problems with the sludge that makes disposal difficult (hazardous, difficult to treat)?			
Y N _x_ PA	c.	Is the technology selected for sludge disposal controversial?			
Discussion and References:					
18. Energy					
Y N _x_ PA	a.	Are there additional cost effective measures to reduce energy consumption or increase energy recovery which could be			
Discussion and Reference	es:	included in this project?			
19. Land Application					
Y N _x _ PA Y N _x _ PA	a. b.	Has a new or unproven technique been selected? Is there considerable public controversy about the project?			

Y N _x PA Y _x N PA Discussion and Reference	d.	Will the project require additional water rights or impact existing water Rights? Is the project multi-purpose?
20. Regionalization		
Y N _x_ PA	a.	Are there jurisdictional disputes or controversy over the project?
Y N _x PA Y N _x PA	b. c.	Is conformance with the 208 plan in question? Is the proliferation of small treatment plants and septic systems creating a significant health problem?
Y _x N PA	d.	Have inter-jurisdictional agreements been signed?
Discussion and Reference	s:	
21. Public Participation  Y N _x PA  Y N _x PA  Discussion and Reference		Is there a substantial level of public controversy?  Is there adequate evidence of public participation in the project?
22. Environmental Law	S	
Y N _x PA Discussion and Reference		Does the project threaten to violate any State, Federal or local law or requirement imposed to protect the environment?
		P.E., RG & Associates and Affiliation
Reviewed By (WQCD):		
Date:	Nam	e and Title
Environmental Determina	ition: (	Circle One) CE EA EIS

## ATTACHMENT 13 - PROPOSED PROJECT SCHEDULE

	Date
Site Application	11/4/2022
Basis of Design Report	8/1/2023
Final Plans and Specifications	10/1/2023
Discharge Permit	10/1/2023
Miscellanous Permit	10/1/2023
Public Meeting	7/15/2023
Loan Application	10/15/2023
Advertisement for Bids	12/1/2023
Construction Contract Award	1/29/2024
Construction Start	2/1/2024
Construction Completion	7/30/2024



### ATTACHMENT 15 - COST AND EFFECTIVENESS CERTIFICATION

### Cost and Effectiveness Certification

Project Name:	2023 Lift Station Replacement	
Borrower:	East Alamosa Water and Sanitation District	

As a condition for receiving assistance through the Colorado Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (WPCRF), I certify that the cost and effectiveness evaluation has been performed per Section 602(b)(13) of the Water Resources Reform and Development Act of 2014 (WRRDA).

This cost and effectiveness evaluation included the following.

- A. The borrower has studied and evaluated the cost and effectiveness of the processes, materials, techniques, and technologies for carrying out the proposed project or activity for which assistance is sought under this title; and
- B. The borrower has selected, to the maximum extent practicable, a project or activity that maximizes the potential for efficient water use, reuse, recapture, and conservation; and energy conservation, taking into account:
  - a. the cost of constructing the project or activity;
  - b. the cost of operating and maintaining the project or activity over the life of the project or activity; and

OVAL ENG

c. the cost of replacing the project or activity.

Ricardo Goncalves	03/09/2023
Licensed Professional Engineer (Printed)	Date

Signature and Stamp of Licensed Professional Engineer